

KONCPT NEET PG 2020

SURGERY TEST- SEPTEMBER 2020

1. CA Breast may locally spread to all of the following muscles except-

- a. Pectoralis Major
- b. Pectoralis Minor
- c. Latissimus dorsi
- d. Serratus anterior

2. Thyroid nodule in a 65 years old male who is clinically euthyroid is most likely to be-

- a. Follicular adenoma
- b. Follicular Carcinoma
- c. Thyroid Cyst
- d. Multinodular goiter

3. Pseudo-claudication occurs due to-

- a. Lumbar canal stenosis
- b. Leriche syndrome
- c. Femoral artery thrombosis
- d. Popliteal thrombosis

4. Which metabolic abnormality is seen in congenital hypertrophic pyloric stenosis?

- a. Metabolic Acidosis
- b. Metabolic Alkalosis
- c. Respiratory Acidosis
- d. Respiratory Alkalosis

5. A 35 years old male came with jaundice, palpable mass in the right hypochondrium not associated with pain. The probable diagnosis is-

- a. Carcinoma Ampulla of Vater
- b. Acute cholecystitis
- c. Chronic cholecystitis
- d. Chronic Pancreatitis

6. KASAI Procedure is used in the treatment of-

- a. Congenital Biliary Atresia
- b. Primary Sclerosing Cholangitis
- c. Cholangiocarcinoma
- d. Carcinoma of gall bladder

7. Which is the investigation of choice for staging of a lower limb sarcoma?

- a. MRI
- b. CT Scan
- c. PET Scan
- d. PET CT

8. Absent bile duct is seen in-

- a. Alagille syndrome
- b. Crigler najjar Syndrome
- c. Gilbert's Syndrome
- d. Primary Sclerosing cholangitis

9. Which Cranial nerve is most commonly affected in raised ICP?

- a. III
- b. IV
- c. V
- d. VI

10. Most common location of appendix is-

- a. Pelvic
- b. Post ileal
- c. Retro caecal
- d. Pre ileal

11. FNAC is not useful in which thyroid cancer-

- a. Follicular Carcinoma
- b. Papillary carcinoma
- c. Medullary Carcinoma
- d. Thyroid Lymphoma

12. Which type of Breast cancer is multicentric and bilateral?

- a. Ductal
- b. Lobular
- c. Muroid
- d. Colloid

13. Most common site of pancreatic cancer is-

- a. Head of pancreas
- b. Neck of Pancreas
- c. Tail of Pancreas
- d. Body of pancreas

14. Most common cause of goiter in India is-

- a. Diffuse endemic Goitre
- b. Papillary Carcinoma
- c. Toxic Multinodular goiter
- d. Hashimoto's thyroiditis

15. Which metabolic anomaly is seen in Pyloric stenosis-

- a. Hypochloremic alkalosis
- b. Metabolic acidosis with normal anion gap
- c. Metabolic acidosis with increased anion gap
- d. Hypocalcemia

16. Most common site of salivary gland stones-

- a. Submandibular gland
- b. Parotid gland
- c. Sublingual gland
- d. Equally common in all salivary glands

17. Alagille syndrome-all of the following are true except-

- a. Mutation in JAG 1 and Notch2 gene are seen
- b. Can Cause autoimmune hepatitis
- c. Autosomal Recessive Disease
- d. Valvular anomalies of heart seen

18. A 60 year old male presented with jaundice, pale stools, dark urine and mass in the epigastric region. Which of the following diagnosis is unlikely?

- a. Pancreatic cancer
- b. Distal Bile duct Cancer
- c. Periapillary Cancer
- d. Chronic Cholecystitis

19. Least chance of recipient failure in transplant is seen in-

- a. Allograft
- b. Isograft
- c. Xenograft
- d. Heterotropic Graft

20. 45 year old female underwent modified radical mastectomy with axillary clearance for CA breast. After surgery she could not lift her arm above head. Which nerve is likely to be injured?

- a. Intercostobrachial nerve
- b. Long thoracic nerve of Bell
- c. Nerve to latissimus Dorsi
- d. Lateral Pectoral nerve

21. Epulis arises from-

- a. Enamel
- b. Root of teeth
- c. Gingiva
- d. Pulp

22. An esophageal adenocarcinoma confined to the lower third of esophagus can be treated by-

- a. Ivor Lewis Approach
- b. Mckeown's Approach
- c. Transhiatal removal
- d. Chemoradiotherapy

23. A 40 year old male presented with a penetrating trauma to chest. He is dyspneic with distended neck veins with hypotension and mediastinum is shifted to opposite side. There is a sucking wound over the chest. The most appropriate management would be-

- a. Insertion of a large bore needle in the 2nd ICS in the mid clavicular line
- b. Fluid Resuscitation
- c. Starting Inotropic support
- d. Endotracheal Intubation

24. Inverted Papilloma of nose is called as-

- a. Schneiderian Papilloma
- b. Klatzkin's tumour
- c. Bowen's Disease
- d. Pyoderma Gangrenosum

25. First liver transplant was done by-

- a. Starzl
- b. James Hardy
- b. Claudius Galen
- d. Gerhard Kutschner

26. All of the following are true about pulp space infection except-

- a. It is also called as felon
- b. It is a painless condition
- c. It may lead to necrosis of finger pulp
- d. It is characterized by infection of small compartments in the pulp formed by vertical septa

27. All of the following nerves are at risk during submandibular gland excision except-

- a. Lingual nerve
- b. Marginal mandibular nerve
- c. Auriculotemporal nerve
- d. Hypoglossal nerve

28. Ainhum is most commonly seen at-

- a. Base of the thumb
- b. Base of a toe
- c. At the ankle joint
- d. Tongue

29. The investigation of choice for dysphagia is-

- a. Endoscopy
- b. Manometric Study
- c. Ct Scan
- d. Barium Swallow

30. Most common site of sialolithiasis is

- a. Submandibular gland
- b. Parotid gland
- c. Sublingual gland
- d. Equally common in all salivary glands

31. Spontaneous esophageal rupture is most common in-

- a. Below the diaphragmatic aperture
- b. Pharyngoesophageal junction
- c. Above the diaphragmatic aperture
- d. At the crossing of the arch of aorta

32. A 78 years old male presents with jaundice associated with increased itching and a palpable gall bladder. Possible diagnosis is-

- a. Periapillary carcinoma
- b. Hepatocellular Carcinoma
- c. Gastric Carcinoma
- d. Abdominal lymphoma

33. Most tissue reaction is seen with-

- a. Plain Catgut
- b. Polydiacrylonitrile
- c. Silk
- d. Chromic catgut

34. 65 year old male presenting with acute pancreatitis is now having refractory hypoxia. The X RAY of chest would show-

- a. Bilateral infiltrates
- b. Pneumatocele
- c. Ground glass appearances
- d. Hilar lymphadenopathy

35. Most common infantile testicular tumor is-

- a. Teratoma
- b. Seminoma
- c. Embryonal carcinoma
- d. Yolk sac tumor

36. BRCA 2 gene is associated with all of the following malignancies except:

- a. Breast cancer in men
- b. Breast cancer in women
- c. Ovarian Cancer
- d. Uterine Cancer

37. Treatment of tension pneumothorax is-

- a. Insertion of a large bore needle in the 2nd ICS in the mid clavicular line
- b. Fluid Resuscitation
- c. Starting Inotropic support
- d. Endotracheal Intubation

38. Total gastrectomy is preferred for which type of gastric cancers-

- a. Proximal Cancer
- b. Distal Cancer
- c. Ulcerating cancer in the body
- d. Polypoidal cancer in the antrum

39. Cause of congestive splenomegaly is-

- a. Visceral leishmaniasis
- b. Budd Chiari Syndrome
- c. Gaucher's disease
- d. Hodgkin's Lymphoma

40. All of the following constitute the Charcot's triad except-

- a. Pain
- b. Fever
- c. Jaundice
- d. Septic Shock

41. A patient comes with hematemesis and melena. On the upper GI endoscopy there was no significant finding, 2- days later the patient rebleeds. Next line of investigation is-

- a. Emergency angiography
- b. Repeat upper GI endoscopy
- c. Enteroscopy
- d. Laparotomy

42. A lady with a long standing thyroid nodule is planned for a subtotal thyroidectomy. Before the surgery the surgeon must check/do-

- a. Serum Calcium levels
- b. Serum PTH assay
- c. Indirect Laryngoscopy
- d. Iodine 131 scan

43. Catgut suture is derived from which part of the sheep-

- a. Stomach
- b. Intestine
- c. Muscle
- d. Ligaments

44. All of the following structures are removed in Right hemicolectomy except:

- a. Caecum
- b. Ascending colon
- c. Transverse colon
- d. Hepatic Flexure

45. Paradoxical Aciduria is seen-

- a. Congenital Hypertrophic Pyloric Stenosis
- b. Duodenal Ulcer
- c. Achalsia Cardia
- d. Crohn's disease

46. The features of tumor lysis syndrome are all except-

- a. Hyperkalemia
- b. Hypocalcemia
- c. Hyperuricemia
- d. Hypophosphatemia

47. Most common thyroid malignancy in iodine deficient areas is-

- a. Follicular Carcinoma
- b. Papillary Carcinoma
- c. Medullary Carcinoma
- d. Anaplastic Carcinoma

48. All of the following are causes of death in burn patients except:

- a. ARDS
- b. Shock
- c. Sepsis
- d. Hyperkalemia

49. Pre pharyngeal abscess diagnosed as tuberculosis is seen in 44 years old lady with difficulty in deglutition, Management would be-

- a. Urgent Drainage
- b. Starting of ATT
- c. Wait and Watch
- d. Get MRI of the cervical spine

50. Corkscrew esophagus is seen in-

- a. Diffuse esophageal spasm
- b. Achalasia Cardia
- c. Carcinoma of esophagus
- d. Esophageal web

All the best

Live as you learn